

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

Thursday 18 June 2026

Time: 2 Hours

Paper
reference

MWD/03

Mathematics

Advanced

PREDICTED PAPER 3: Statistics and Mechanics



You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Green), calculator

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided – there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

FOR MORE MATHSWITHDAN RESOURCES, SCAN THE QR CODES:





Hello there! I hope your revision is going splendidly.

Welcome to my Predicted Paper 3 for Edexcel A Level Maths June 2026!

My name is Daniel, I am a full time GCSE and A Level Maths tutor with a First-Class degree In BSc Mathematics.

In addition to my tutoring sessions, I run a YouTube channel where I offer detailed walkthroughs of past GCSE and A-Level Maths papers. I am also on TikTok and Instagram, where I go through quick-fire questions to help students stay sharp, whether they're scrolling late at night or on their way to school!

This paper includes a variety of questions gathered from past exam papers (all publicly available) and questions created by me! I've uploaded a full video walkthrough for this paper on my YouTube channel – it's a great way to check your answers and understand the methods. You can access it by scanning the QR code below or in the top right corner of each page! Do the paper FIRST before watching the video!

DISCLAIMER:

There is no guarantee the topics in this paper will come up. Use this paper as extra practice alongside comprehensive revision. Good luck!!!

SCAN THE QR CODE FOR THE ENTIRE WALKTHROUGH





3. As part of an investigation, Bobby collects a sample of 47 observations, x

The results are shown in the following stem and leaf diagram, where a is a constant.

Stem	Leaf	Key: 3 2 means 0.32
2	1 2 5 7 7	(5)
3	0 2 2 3 4 5 5 5 9 9	(10)
4	0 0 1 4 4 5 7 8 8 9 9	(11)
5	3 3 5 6 7 9	(6)
6	0 2 a a a 7 8	(7)
7	1 2 3 6 8	(5)
8	0 6 7	(3)

(a) Find the range of these observations. (1)

(b) Find the value of the median of these observations. (1)

Given that the interquartile range of these observations is 0.31

(c) find the value of a (3)

Bobby calculates the following statistics from these observations

$$\sum x = 23.72 \quad \sum x^2 = 13.4228$$

(d) Show that the standard deviation of these observations is 0.176 to 3 significant figures. (2)

Bobby now collects 18 more observations, y , from the same investigation.

(e) Using all 65 observations, the sample mean is 0.502 and the sample standard deviation is 0.204

(i) Show that $\sum y = 8.91$ (2)

(ii) Showing your working, calculate $\sum y^2$ (3)



9.

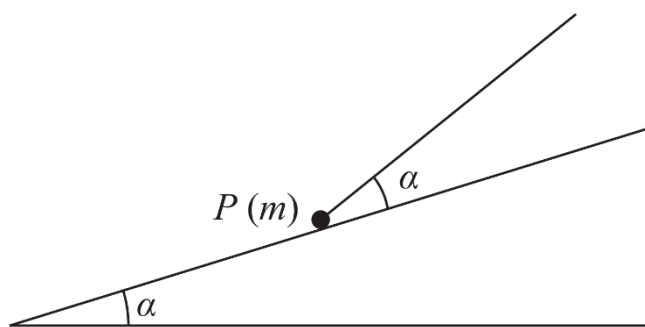


Figure 1

A particle P of mass m is held in equilibrium on a fixed rough inclined plane by a light inextensible string.

The plane is inclined at an angle α to the horizontal, where $\alpha < 45^\circ$
 The string is inclined to the plane at angle α , as shown in Figure 1.

The string lies in a vertical plane that contains a line of greatest slope of the inclined plane.

When the tension in the string is $0.75 mg$, P is on the point of moving up the plane.

- (a) Find an expression for the magnitude of the frictional force acting on P , giving your answer in terms of m , g and α (3)

The coefficient of friction between P and the plane is $\frac{1}{2}$

- (b) Show that

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{2}{5} \quad (6)$$

The string breaks.

- (c) Determine whether P remains at rest. You must justify your reasoning. (3)



10. [In this question \mathbf{i} and \mathbf{j} are unit vectors, with \mathbf{i} horizontal and \mathbf{j} vertically upwards.]

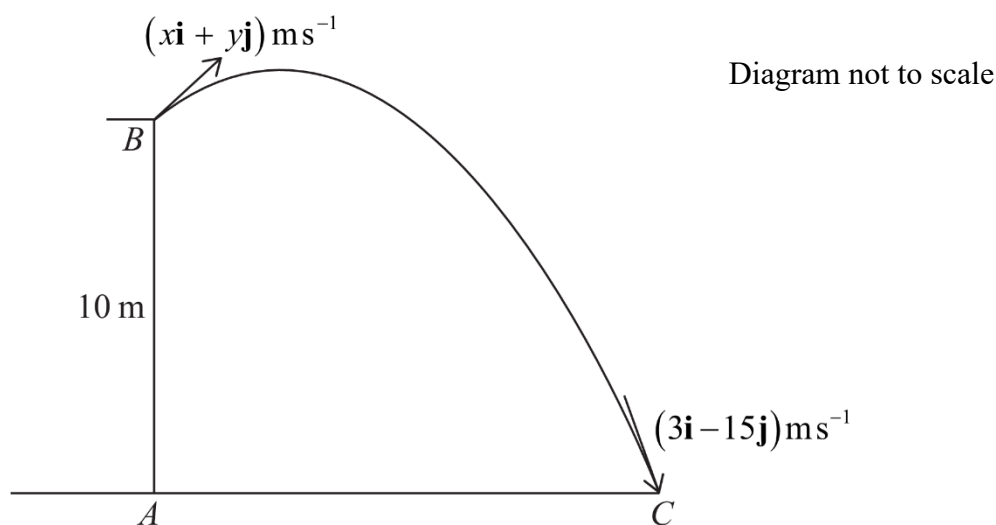


Figure 2

The fixed points A and C lie on horizontal ground.

The point B is vertically above A , with $AB = 10\text{m}$

At time $t = 0$, a particle P is projected from B with velocity $(x\mathbf{i} + y\mathbf{j})\text{ms}^{-1}$, where x and y are positive.

Particle P moves freely under gravity and hits the ground at C .

At the instant before P hits the ground, the velocity of P is $(3\mathbf{i} - 15\mathbf{j})\text{ms}^{-1}$, as shown in Figure 2.

- (a) Find the value of x and the value of y . (4)
- (b) Find the greatest height above the ground reached by P . (2)
- (c) Find the distance AC . (4)



11.

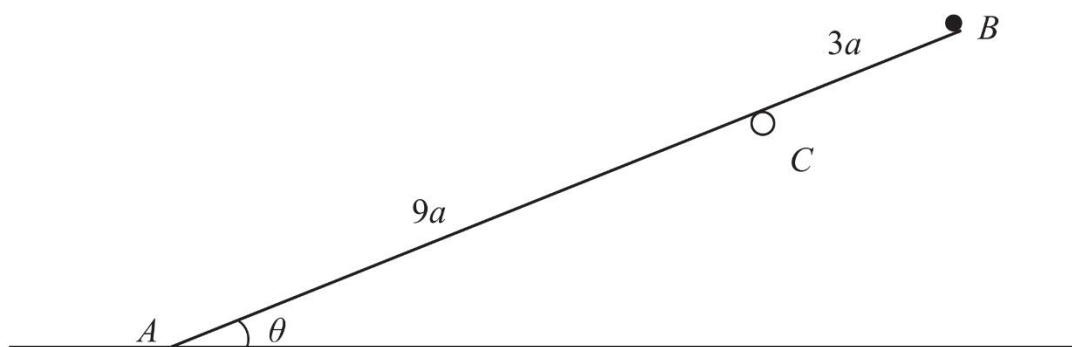


Figure 3

A uniform beam AB , of weight $5W$ and length $12a$, rests with end A on rough horizontal ground.

A package of weight W is attached to the beam at B .

The beam rests in equilibrium on a smooth horizontal peg at C , with $AC = 9a$, as shown in Figure 3.

The beam is inclined at an angle θ to the ground, where $\tan\theta = \frac{5}{12}$

The beam is modelled as a rod that lies in a vertical plane perpendicular to the peg. The package is modelled as a particle.

The normal reaction between the beam and the peg at C has magnitude kW

Using the model,

(a) show that $k = \frac{56}{13}$ (4)

The coefficient of friction between A and the ground is μ

Given that the beam is resting in limiting equilibrium,

(b) find the value of μ (6)



Congratulations on completing the paper! I hope it has helped you with your revision.



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Take care!

